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**Assignment 6**

**Problem Statement**

Download temperature data from below link. https://www.kaggle.com/venky73/temperaturesof-india?select=temperatures.csv

This data consists of temperatures of INDIA averaging the temperatures of all places month wise. Temperatures values are recorded in CELSIUS

1. Apply Linear Regression using suitable library function and predict the Month-wise temperature.
2. Assess the performance of regression models using MSE, MAE and R-Square metrics
3. Visualize simple regression model.

# Objective

To apply Linear Regression on the temperature dataset of India to predict month-wise temperatures and evaluate the model using performance metrics such as Mean Squared Error (MSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE), and R-Square. Additionally, the regression model will be visualized.

# Libraries and Packages Used

pandas – for reading and handling the dataset numpy – for numerical operations matplotlib and seaborn – for data visualization sklearn.linear\_model – for Linear Regression model sklearn.metrics – to evaluate model performance using MSE, MAE, and R-Square

# Theory

**What is Linear Regression?**

Linear Regression is a supervised machine learning algorithm used for predicting a continuous dependent variable based on one or more independent variables. It attempts to find the best-fitting straight line

(regression line) through the data points, minimizing the difference between actual and predicted values.

# Types of Linear Regression

Simple Linear Regression – involves one independent variable

Multiple Linear Regression – involves two or more independent variables

Polynomial Regression – a form of linear regression where the relationship is modeled as an nth degree polynomial

# Applications of Simple Linear Regression

Predicting sales based on advertising spend

Estimating house prices based on area

Predicting student scores based on study hours

Forecasting temperatures based on time or season

# Limitations of Simple Linear Regression

Assumes a linear relationship between variables

Sensitive to outliers

Not ideal for complex relationships or datasets with multicollinearity

Can underperform if important independent variables are omitted

# Dataset

The dataset used was downloaded from Kaggle: https://www.kaggle.com/venky73/temperaturesof-india

It contains the average temperatures of India recorded month-wise in Celsius.

# Working of Linear Regression

**Data Collection**

The CSV file was loaded using pandas. It contains columns for years and temperature values.

## Data Preprocessing

Extracted relevant columns (e.g., year/month as independent variable and temperature as dependent variable)

Checked for and handled any missing or invalid values

Converted categorical month names to numerical values (if necessary)

## Model Building

Used LinearRegression() from sklearn.linear\_model

Fitted the model on training data (months or years vs temperature)

Predicted temperatures for the months

## Model Evaluation

Used the following metrics from sklearn.metrics to assess model performance:

Mean Squared Error (MSE) – average of squared prediction errors

Mean Absolute Error (MAE) – average of absolute prediction errors

R-Square (R²) – explains how well the regression line approximates real data points

## Visualization

Plotted the actual temperature data and the regression line using matplotlib and seaborn

Visual comparison helped verify the quality of predictions

# Conclusion

In this assignment, we applied simple linear regression on a real-world dataset of India’s average monthly temperatures. The model was trained, tested, and evaluated using MSE, MAE, and R-Square. Visualization confirmed the trend and fit of the regression line. Linear regression proved effective in identifying and predicting trends in temperature data, although the model’s simplicity may limit accuracy for highly nonlinear datasets.